

NEW BUFFALO

June 30—Children's day exercises held last Sunday evening in the Lutheran church were largely attended. All were well pleased with the efforts of the little folks.

Visitors at Adolph Meeker's Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. John Hollibaugh of New Waterford, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Hoffman of Marquette, Mrs. Minerva Miller and son Charles of Girard.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Todd of Youngstown and Monroe Hendricks of Leetonia called on Mrs. Mary Ann Hendricks Sunday afternoon.

William Geis and wife attended the Sunday school convention in North Lima last Sunday afternoon. It was well worth going to hear. The September convention of Beaver township will be held in Paradise Reformed church near here.

Free Rupright spent several days last week with relatives in Palestine. G. S. Beard is making a great improvement in his big barn, having the entire lower floor cemented. Jacob Blum of Canfield is doing the work.

Corn is showing some improvement since it is a little warmer. Wheat and oats fields are commencing to show that harvest is nigh. The potato bug crop will be as big as usual.

Frank Kreiger was given much praise for the beautiful decoration of the Lutheran church Sunday evening for Children's day exercises. Frank is a natural artist with flowers and understands how to make them show to the best advantage.

Henry Hess and Frank Rupright Monday evening motored to Salem where Hess had business pertaining to the bank.

Mrs. Elizabeth Wertz will go to Mansfield Friday to visit her daughter. Mrs. Joshua Osborne and daughter Ada and Paul McCracken of Youngstown spent Tuesday at William Geis'.

Mary Renkenberger and brother Burton of Columbiana are spending some time with their aunt, Mrs. E. G. Mott. Nora and Ollie Mott accompanied them to Youngstown to the show last Saturday.

John Elser and wife were at Millville Sunday.

Mrs. E. G. Mott went Sunday to see her new 8 pound nephew at Harvey Baer's in East Lewistown.

Mrs. Jacob Rhodes of Greenford visited her daughter, Mrs. Allen Weaver, Sunday.

Miss W. E. Neff of Leetonia recently spent several days with Mrs. Lewis Greasell.

The Ladies' Aid Society of Paradise Reformed church will hold an ice-cream festival in Alvin Thoman's grove, east of New Buffalo, Saturday evening, July 3. The public is cordially invited.

BERLIN CENTER

June 30—The Fourth will not be observed here with a celebration, hence many of our people will be out of town next Monday.

Two lady friends from Boardman are guests of Mrs. Nichols.

Miss Theo Feltnog and Miss Boyer are attending summer school in Kent. Miss Myrtle Johnston is not in Kent, as stated last week, but on a trip to the Pacific coast.

The Methodist and Lutheran Sunday schools will hold a union picnic in Myers' grove, near Shilling's mill. Homer Cline and son Franklin were in Alliance Friday.

Mrs. Woodville Feltnog, who recently stepped on a nail and suffered a painful injury is now able to get about a little.

Mrs. Heart Wilson is caring for her mother, Mrs. Dal Smith, who is ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Cline and Mr. Strong and lady friends were guests at Woodville Feltnog's Sunday.

Ell Rakestraw and family motored to Youngstown Saturday night and attended the circus.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Woolf are slowly recovering from attacks of typhoid fever.

Mrs. James Keeler was taken to the Youngstown hospital last week to undergo an operation for appendicitis.

Mrs. J. S. Knight of Canton is here visiting her sister, Mrs. C. M. Shively.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Klyne of Youngstown passed through here last Sunday on their way to visit relatives in Deerfield.

Frank Kime, who was found dead in his home in Milton township last week, was buried last Thursday in the north cemetery, Rev. Mr. Nichols having charge of the services.

LIBERTY DIVINE

Born in the spirit, soul and mind, Born in the thought of humankind; Born in man whose will is free To seek and find what is to be.

This is the freedom for which men strive, It truly is to be alive To the God-given right to choose today The path that leadeth not astray.

The liberty that is divine Now points beyond the world of time Where freedom is the holy fire That kindles every chaste desire.

Where kindness illumines the heart, There lovingkindness is the art That manifests that perfect love Which leadeth up to light above.

Where freedom is divinely near To kindness and good-will and cheer That every brother-mandoes feel "This liberty divine to kneel."

To pray and labor for the good Is patriotic brotherhood; Is independence that instills The love that freedom now fulfills.

In spirit just and holy laws That weigh and measure every cause By virtue, mercy, love and truth, Eternal liberty forsooth.

Our greatest national holiday Is ours to follow in the way Of righteousness that shall not cease To be the holiness of peace.

—S. J. Bush, Greenford.

Don't Miss It. Harmons Uncle Tom's Cabin Co. will appear on Neff field in Canfield Saturday afternoon and evening, July 3. It is one of the best troupes on the road and gives a fine show.

Best Diarrhoea Remedy. If you have ever used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy you know that it is a success. Sam F. Guin, Whitley, Ala., writes, "I had measles and got caught out in the rain, and it settled in my stomach and bowels. I had an awful time, and had it not been for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy I could not possibly have lived but a few hours longer, but thanks to this remedy, I am now well and strong." For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS

—There are more than 60 cases of measles in Girard.

—There are more than 1800 pupils attending the Kent state normal school, a considerable number of them being from Mahoning county.

—Twelve Italians left Alliance last week for Cleveland to enlist for service in the European war in which Italy is now playing a prominent part.

—Enos H. Brosius, long prominent in the business affairs of Alliance and always active in the cause of temperance, died last week Thursday night of Bright's disease, aged 78.

—Thomas Thomas, a Liberty township farmer, committed suicide last Saturday by taking carbolic acid. His health was poor and he became dependent. He was a bachelor and a brother of Sheriff Evan Thomas of Warren.

—Efficiency has been defined as the power that enables one to do his best and most in the shortest time and easiest way to the satisfaction of all concerned. This sounds good and should be an inspiration to all who give it consideration.

—It is reported that over a score of men employed at the Girard rolling mill have been discharged within the last few days as a result of drunkenness following the last pay day. Notices were posted in the plants warning the men against intemperance and drinking, and it is the disregard of these warnings that brought about the action of the company.

—Mrs. Florence Tubbs of Braceville, formerly of Canfield, has commenced action at Warren against Frank Tubbs asking alimony and an injunction. The couple were married in 1892 and have three minor children. She charges him with extreme cruelty, specifically stating June 23, 1915, when, she says, he struck her several times after she had gone to bed, made her get up and leave the house telling her never to come back. She asks alimony and that the defendant be enjoined from disposing of or encumbering his property.

—Lack of warm days and especially warm nights which constitutes the most favorable condition for the early growth of corn, has done its worst. It is said and although bumper crops are reported likely in almost every other line, the corn crop will in all likelihood be short. Less hot weather has been experienced generally throughout the state this year than during the same period in the past quarter of a century and likewise the season has been the driest in a similar period. The early part of the season was most favorable for the preparation of ground for crops and for planting, but the weather since that time has been most unfavorable. Wheat is reported to be doing exceedingly well and likewise the indications are for a large crop of fruit, especially peaches of which it is claimed northwestern Ohio will produce a million bushels this year.

ELLSWORTH

June 29—Mrs. Mary Duer of Painesville is visiting friends here. Miss Fannie Cutting was in Berlin, Monday.

There will be preaching in the Methodist church next Sunday evening. Miss Mildred Hatch of Palanx Station is spending a few days here with Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Gordon.

The Character Club meeting Friday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Allen was a most profitable one.

Mr. and Mrs. John Schafer were in Canfield Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Kirt Bartholomew were in Youngstown last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Talbitter of Mahoningtown spent a few days last week with Mr. and Mrs. George Anderson.

Mrs. Ed. Hammond is spending a few days in Youngstown.

A number of our people attended the circus in Youngstown Saturday afternoon and evening.

Charley Byers was in Youngstown Thursday.

The funeral of Mrs. Bird Miller was held Saturday morning with burial in Ellsworth cemetery.

An ice cream and strawberry social held here Saturday evening was much enjoyed.

There will be preaching in the Presbyterian church next Sunday morning.

Francis Allen was in Canfield Wednesday.

Chas. Tolby was in Youngstown, Wednesday.

Miss Elizabeth Reasler, after spending a few days in Berlin, has returned home.

Chas. Atterholt, Chas. Tolby and Luther Read were in Youngstown, Monday.

Miss Elvareta Fenstermaker has returned home after spending several days in Youngstown.

Quite a number of people from this place attended Children's day exercises in North Jackson Sunday evening.

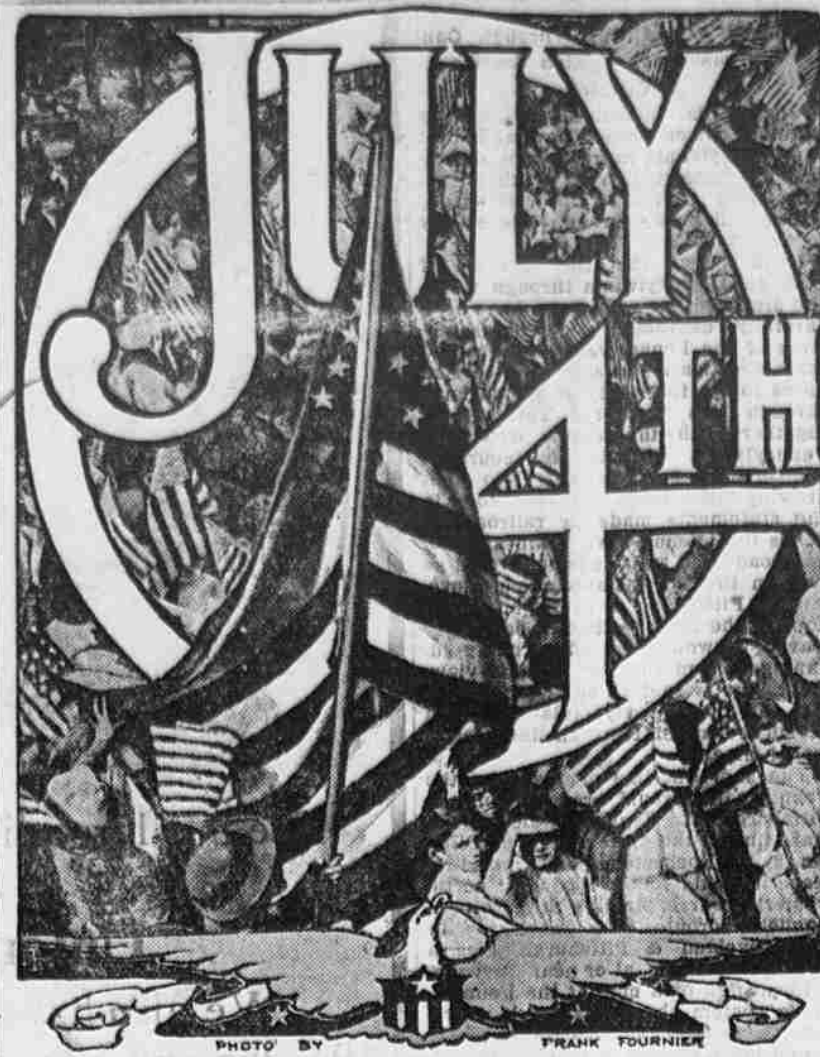
Bert Tibbits and family of Youngstown called at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schafer Sunday.

Harold Sutherland of Sebring called at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Gordon, Sunday evening.

Beeman Young and family were callers in North Jackson Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Susan E. Broadsword, widow of Matthias Broadsword, died last Sunday morning at the home of her son in Youngstown after an illness of six months with heart disease. The deceased resided in Ellsworth for many years and was held in high esteem by all who knew her. Her age was 80 years. She was a member of the Ellsworth M. E. Church. Mr. Broadsword was killed three years ago last February on the Pennsylvania crossing north of North Jackson. Mrs. Broadsword was survived by three sons and one daughter—W. J. of Youngstown, Warren of Ashland, Frank of North Jackson and Mrs. Edna Eckenrode of Akron. Funeral services were held Tuesday afternoon in the M. E. Church and interment was made in the village cemetery.

There Is No Question but that indigestion and the distressed feeling which always goes with it can be promptly relieved by taking a **Rexall Dyspepsia Tablet** before and after each meal. 25c a box. **P. A. Morris.**



REAL HISTORY OF AMERICAN FLAG

Emblem, It Is Declared by Students, May Be Traced Back as Far as the Twelfth Century.

THE American flag is a growth, rather than a creation. Its history can be traced back to the 12th century, or nearly 600 years prior to the first "Flag Day," June 14, 1777.

During the first crusade in 1195, Pope Urban II assigned to all of the Christian nations as standards crosses varying in color and design, emblematic of the warfare in which they were engaged. To the Scotch troops was assigned the white saltire, known as the white cross of St. Andrew, on a blue field. The British used a yellow cross, but a century and a quarter later they adopted a red cross on a white field, known as the red cross of St. George.

When James VI of Scotland ascended the throne of England as James I, he combined the two flags, and issued a proclamation requiring all ships to carry the new flag at their main masts. At the same time the vessels of south Britain were to carry at their foremasts the red cross of St. George and the ships of north Britain to carry the white cross of St. Andrew.

The new flag was known as "Kings Colors," the "Union Colors," or the "Great Union," and later as the "Union Jack," and was the one under which the British made all their permanent settlements in America. It was the flag of Great Britain only by proclamation, however; not until 1707 did parliament pass an act definitely uniting the two countries and their flags. In the same year the government issued regulations requiring the navy to use what was known as the white ensign; the naval reserve, the blue ensign; and the merchant marine, the red ensign. Owing to the fact that the British merchant vessels were everywhere, the colonists in America came to look upon this red ensign as the flag of Great Britain.

The people in the New England colonies were bitterly opposed to the cross in the flag. In 1625 some of the troops in Massachusetts declined to march under this flag and the military commissioners were forced to design other flags for their troops with the cross left out. The design they adopted has not been preserved. In 1625 a mint was established in Boston. Money coined in this mint had the line tree stamped on one side of it. The pine tree design was also used in New England flags, certainly by 1704 and possibly as early as 1635.

At the outbreak of the Revolution the American colonies had no flag common to all of them. In many cases the merchant marine flag of England was used with the pine tree substituted for the Union Jack. Massachusetts adopted the green pine tree on a white field, with the motto: "An Appeal to Heaven." Some of the southern states had the rattlesnake flag with the motto "Don't Tread on Me" on a white or yellow field. This flag had been used by South Carolina as early as 1774. Benjamin Franklin designed the rattlesnake device on the ground that the rattlesnake is found only in America, and that serpent emblems were considered by ancients to be symbols of wisdom.

In September, 1775, there was displayed in the South what was by many believed to be the first distinctly American flag. It was blue with a white crescent, and contained the heads of the troops, who were caps inscribed, "Liberty or Death."

The colonists desired to adopt a common flag; but they had not yet declared independence, and were not at first seeking independence. They took the British flag as they knew it, and made a new colonial flag by dividing the red field with white stripes. This is known as the Cambridge flag, because it was first unfurled over Washington's headquarters at Cambridge, Mass., on January 1, 1776. It complied with the law of 1707 by having the Union Jack on it; it also represented the thirteen colonies by the thirteen stripes.

As the colonies gradually became converted to the idea of independence from the mother country was necessary, they began to modify the flag, first by leaving off the Union Jack and using only the thirteen horizontal stripes. The modified flag were not always red and white, but regularly consisted of combinations of two colors selected from red, white, blue and yellow. The final modification was the replacement of the Union Jack by the white stars on a blue field.

The stars are the only distinctive feature of the American flag. The charming story which credits Betsy Ross with making the first flag of stars and stripes is still accepted by historians. When Washington suggested the six-pointed star, she demonstrated the ease with which a five-pointed star could be made by folding a piece of paper and producing one with a single clip of the scissors. Some writers are of the opinion that both stars and stripes in the flag were derived from the coat of arms of the Washington family, but this theory is not generally held.

The official adoption of our first flag was in 1777. On June 14 of that year the Continental congress passed an act providing that "the flag of the thirteen united states be thirteen stripes, alternate red and white; that the union be thirteen stars, white on a blue field, representing a new constellation." The thirteen stars were arranged in a circle to symbolize the perpetuity of the union of the states.

Vermont was admitted to the Union in 1791 and Kentucky in 1792. It was felt that these two new states ought to be recognized on the flag, so in 1794 congress passed an act making the flag fifteen stars and fifteen stripes.

This remained the flag of the United States throughout the War of 1812, until there were twenty stars in the Union. In 1816, an effort was again made to modify the flag so that all the new states would be represented on it. To be continually adding stripes would make the flag very awkward in shape and appearance, so after arguing the matter for two years, congress decided to return to the original thirteen stripes and one star for each state. Congress has never determined the arrangement of the stars nor the shape and proportions of the flag, and there has been great variation, especially in the grouping of the stars. There are still many who believe that the symbolic circular grouping of stars should be restored.

A REAL PATRIOT



"When I want the Fourth of July to come every month."

CORK IN A BOTTLE.

How to Prevent It From Being a Nuisance.

It often happens that in attempting to uncork a bottle the stopper is forced into the bottle instead, and it thus floats on the liquid. This would perhaps not be a drawback were it not that each time the bottle is to be emptied the cork comes to the neck and causes an obstruction, preventing the flow of the liquid. This can be prevented very readily, and all that is needed is to bend a piece of stiff wire in a long U-shape, properly fitting it in the neck of the bottle so that the loop portion projects somewhat below the neck. Upon overturning the bottle the wire loop prevents the cork from reaching the neck to obstruct it.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Watch Your Children Often children do not let parents know they are constipated. They fear punishment. They will like **Rexall's**—a mild laxative that tastes like sugar. Sold only by us, 10 cents. **P. A. Morris.**

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

BETTER ACQUIRE THE SAVING HABIT

Things may not always be as favorable for your prosperity as they are now. If you have a bank account, it will be a reserve against unfavorable conditions.

There come exceptional opportunities to every one. If you have money in the bank you are in a position to take advantage of them.

It is a mistake to think that you must have a lot of money to start a savings account. ONE DOLLAR will open a savings account with this bank—a little set aside each week or month won't be missed, but it will quickly count up with the FOUR PER CENT compound interest which we add to it.

ESTABLISHED 1887

A Member of Federal Reserve Bank

The Farmers National Bank

Canfield, Ohio

DIRECTORS

John Delfs,
J. Allen Kline,
James Park,
Dr. D. Campbell,

H. J. Beardsley,
James S. Harding,
Bruce S. Matthews,
Geo. N. Boughton,
Mark H. Liddle

AERIAL NAVIGATION VS. LAW.

Some Interesting Questions Now Bob Up for Consideration.

Now that the conquest of the air has been practically accomplished, attention is being directed to the regulation of aerial navigation from the standpoint of the criminal and civil law.

The opportunity that the airship will afford the lawless to commit crime and escape capture has been considered, but no satisfactory solution of the problem has yet been suggested. Police airships will, of course, have to be pressed into service, but how far they will prove effective in the apprehension of the airship burglar or the flying murderer may be open to question.

On the civil side of the law more serious questions will undoubtedly arise.

One of the oldest maxims of the law is the owner of land owns it "down to the center of the earth and up to the skies," and he has an absolute right to resist any encroachment whether the trespass be committed on the surface, under the surface, or "up in the air."

The consequence will be that unless the airship owner, who for some reason or other has incurred the enmity of his neighbors, is willing to pay damages for trespass every time he takes a flight, he will find that his aerial activity will have to be confined to his own back yard.

While the damages would be only nominal, the landowner might make it very unpleasant for the habitual trespasser. The power of the injunction might very well be invoked in such cases, for one of the most common grounds on which injunctions are granted is to save a multiplicity of lawsuits.

A prize fighter is punished once every six months, the average man every day in the year.

The Dispatch Job Printing Pleases

Just as Scores of Canfield People Have.

Waiting doesn't pay. If you neglect kidney backache, urinary troubles often follow. Doan's Kidney Pills are for kidney backache, and for other kidney ills. Canfield citizens endorse them.

L. M. Cox, High St., Canfield, says: "I was troubled by pains in my back and filled with sediment and I began to feel languid. Doan's Kidney Pills gave me relief at once."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Cox had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Business Directory

EDWIN R. ZIEGLER, Attorney at Law
706 Wick Building, Youngstown, Ohio

HARRY A. ERMET, Attorney at Law
Hine Block, 5 East Federal St., Youngstown, O.

JOHN B. MORGAN, Attorney at Law
1103-1104 Mahoning Bank Bldg., Youngstown, Ohio.

R. A. BEARD, Attorney at Law and Notary Public, 302 Mahoning Bank Building, Youngstown, Ohio.

C. C. Fowler, D. B. Fowler, NOTARIES PUBLIC, Canfield, Ohio. Telephone: Office, 48; Residence, 46.

GLEN BERTOLLETT, contractor for plastering and cementing. Estimates cheerfully given. Col. Co. Phone 108-14. Columbiana, O.

D. Campbell, Carl H. Campbell, CAMPBELL & SON, Physicians and Surgeons. Office and residence east side of Broad street, Canfield, Ohio. Telephone 49.

W. R. STEWART, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Diamond Block, Youngstown, Ohio. Practices in all courts and before all the departments in Washington, D. C.

DR. A. C. TIDD, 304 Mahoning Bank Bldg., Youngstown, O. Diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. Glasses fitted. Hours: 10 a. m. to 3 p. m. except Sunday. Evenings by appointment. New phone 218-K; Bell phone 5955.

C. H. BARKER, Attorney at Law, All business attended to with care. Farmers' business receives my best attention. Residence, Maplecroft Station on the Youngstown & Southern. P. O. address North Lima. O. Bell phone, County 354. Beaver phone 371.

Buy Safe, Profitable Securities—Tax Free in Ohio

Here are four plans that we have worked out after years of experience in helping our customers make wise, profitable investments. Four plans for obtaining sound securities, issued by Youngstown's great steel mills and other prosperous industrial concerns. Write for these plans today.

1. Compound Investment Plan—By which you can acquire a 7% security by making periodic payments at your own convenience, and secure it on your money while paying for it.

2. Treasury Certificate Plan—By which you assume all the responsibility of the safety of your investment, which pays 4% or 5%.

3. Investment Endowment Plan—By which you can acquire 100 or more units of 7% annuities, for small monthly payments. Value 10% or more per annum on money actually paid in.

4. Guaranteed Purchase Plan—of Pure Gold—insured securities yielding 5% to 7% per annum.

Write us for Complete Details of action, and Investment Analysis. Rank, W. Cox and you will receive the most reasonable safe investment of your savings.

The Realty Guarantee & Trust Co. Capital and Surplus over \$400,000.00. Youngstown, Ohio.

LEGAL NOTICE

Hilda Marshall, Plaintiff, vs. Clyde Marshall, Defendant.

Clyde Marshall, whose last known address was Youngstown, Ohio, will take notice that he has been sued by Hilda Marshall for divorce on the grounds of gross neglect of duty, extreme cruelty and habitual drunkenness in the Court of Common Pleas, Mahoning County, Ohio, being case No. 24771 and that said cause will be on for hearing on and after six weeks' publication of this notice.

R. A. Beard, Atty for Plaintiff, 114

The Dispatch Job Printing Pleases

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.

Patronize Dispatch advertisers.